

Training Module 4. Waste Management in Rural Communities

4.1.4 Components. Financial Sustainability

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S1&2

After reviewing the main aspects related to the interested parties, we will go through some information about the financial aspects of waste management in Romania

S3

According to the legislation in force, currently there are 3 forms of financing the sanitation service: through a fixed fee or tariff, which implies a direct contract between the individual user, or a legal entity, and the collection and transport operator; through a tax, which is carried out under the condition that the service is provided for the benefit of the entire local community and through a subsidy: the sanitation service is fully paid from the local budget, without any tariff or special tax.

S4

In Romania, at the level of 2018, in the rural areas of 11 counties, the payment of the service was made by a fixed fee, unlike in the urban areas, where it was made by a tax. In 11 other counties, the payment of the service was made through a fixed fee both in the rural and urban areas. Finally, payment by tax, both in rural and urban areas, was made in 17 counties.

S5

The general population is charged for the waste collection service per person per month while the commercial users are charged per volume of waste generated.

The fees used to operate the waste treatment facilities are within the same range, this making landfilling a preferred option to composting or mechanical and biological treatment of waste.

S6 Thank you for your attention!